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James Paterson (footballer, born 1915) James Paterson (born 21 January 1915) was a Scottish professional footballer who played as a wing half. References Category:1915 births Category:Scottish footballers Category:Association football wing halves Category:Burnley F.C. players Category:Swansea City A.F.C. players Category:Swindon Town F.C. players Category:Stockport County F.C. players Category:English Football League players Category:Sportspeople from Inverness Category:Scottish Football League players Category:Grimsby Town F.C. players Category:British military personnel of World War II Category:Year of death missingAn inertial measurement unit is a device that measures the velocity and position of an object and a spacecraft, which contain such devices, calculate the position and velocity of the object and spacecraft, and send this information to a source. The inertial measurement unit can operate without the aid of an external reference or a GPS. There are numerous types of inertial measurement units and they are generally categorized by the method in which the inertial

measurement unit measures velocity. Inertial measurement units can be classified into inertial measurement units that measure velocity with respect to a reference system, inertial measurement units that measure velocity with respect to an object, and inertial measurement units that measure velocity with respect to the Earth. When measuring the position of a spacecraft, a conventional inertial measurement unit outputs the most recent position and velocity of the spacecraft that was measured using an external reference device such as a GPS or a radio beacon. This process is often referred to as “measurement and prediction”. A position and velocity of the spacecraft is determined by integrating the position and velocity of the spacecraft measured in the previous cycle. However, when an external reference device such as a GPS or a radio beacon is not available, position and velocity information of the spacecraft must be measured using an onboard inertial measurement unit. While the conventional inertial measurement unit is measuring the position and velocity of a spacecraft, the measurement of position and velocity is unstable because the velocity of the spacecraft is not directly measured. Further, when the conventional inertial measurement unit acquires information from the object, the position and velocity of the object is not accurately measured due to the influences of gravity, air resistance, and noise in the inertial measurement unit. As a result, a measured 82157476af